

POLST vs Advance Health Care Directive for Medical Providers

POLST (Providers Orders for Life-Sustaining Treatment)**

- A POLST is not for everyone
- Used when patient has a serious health condition (terminally ill/severe chronic illness) with limited life expectancy
- Contains medical orders that lets healthcare providers, including paramedics, know what medical care patient wants or does not want. Takes effect as soon as it is signed.
- Must be signed by a physician or nurse practitioner. Review choices with patient

AHCD (Advance Health Care Directive)

- Everyone 18 and older should have an AHCD
- Provides instructions for end-of-life care when the patient cannot communicate
- Used to plan for an unforeseeable health care crisis sometime in the future
- Names a Health Care Power of Attorney (Agent)

^{**} A patient with a POLST should also have an AHCD.

| | POLST | ADVANCE HEALTH CARE DIRECTIVE |
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| Type of Document | Medical Order | Legal Document |
| Who Should Have One | Any seriously ill or frail individual (regardless of age) with limited life expectancy | All competent adults, 18 or older |
| Who Completes the Document | Physician or Nurse Practitioner | Individual |
| What Document Communicates | Specific medical orders | General end-of-life treatment wishes |
| Does this Document Appoint a Health Care Power of Attorney/Agent? | No | Yes |
| Can Emergency Personnel Follow this Document | Yes | No |
| Ease in Locating/Portability | Provider Responsibility: Patient has original; copy in patient's medical record. Transferrable to all healthcare settings. | Patient/Family Responsibility: No set location. Patient must make sure Health Care Agents have most recent version |
| Periodic Review | Health care professional responsible for reviewing with patient | Patient is responsible for periodically reviewing |